THE OHIO FLOODS.

WATER STEADILY RISING AT CINCINNATI-

DAMAGE AT LOUISVILLE. Cincinnati, March 7 .- Notwithstanding the low temperature and high winds of last night, the Ohio River continued steadily rising at the rate of two-tenths of a foot an hour, and at S a. m. reached 55.5 feet. Newport is the earliest sufferer from high water, and already a considerable portion of her territory is flooded, and families are compelled to get out of their houses or flee to the upper stories. Streetear traffic will not be slopped atil 58 feet is reached. At that stage the towns of Dayton and Believue, up the river, are

The river at 11 o'clock had reached 55.8 feet. in falling two-tenths of a foot an hour at Catlettsburg and stopped rising at Portsmouth, Ohio, early to-day. It will become stationary here by Wednesday morning, and probably will not exceed is feet The rise coming now below Pittsburg will keep the river above the danger line for several days. Traffic will not be interfered with long, however, the central freight yards can stand 57 feet, and passenger traffic is proceeding as usual, that roads using the central station are obliged to receive passengers at other points.

The end of the bir flood here is in sight, thanks to the cold weather prevailing throughout the Ohle Valley. It has cut off from one and a half to two feet of what would have been the maximum floed at Cincinnati had the weather continued warm. At 8 o'clock to-night the stage here was fifty-six feet and eight inches, rising at the rate of one inch and a quarter hourly. At all points above Marietta the river to-night is falling. All points heard from below Cincinnati report the river rising.

Louisville, Ky., March 7.- The Ohio River is rising here at the rate of two inches an hour, and reports from above are that all the tributaries are pouring an undiminished volume into it. The dan-ger point has been reached here, and houses on the levee have been entered by the waters. Great nage is being done to crops and farm building gauge at noon was 53 feet below the locks

LOSS OF LOGS IN KENTUCKY RIVER. Lexington, Ky., March 7.-An almost unprecedented loss followed the breaking of log booms is the Kentucky River. It is estimated that fully \$1,000,009 worth of logs have been lost in this way at Jackson, Beattyville, Valley View and other points. The Lexington and Eastern Railway has been a heavy loser. Above Clay third tracks were submerged in some places to the depth of five feet, while in other places the tracks were

DARKNESS IN RICHMOND. FLOOD PUT OUT FIRES IN GAS WORKS AND SO CUT OFF LIGHTS

Washington, March 7.-A dispatch from Richmond to "The Star" says that Richmond is again visited by flood and storm. The river has invaded all the lower part of the city. Newtown, a been shut out in the City Gas Works by the rising tide, and Richmond will be without gaslights to-night. The flood is higher than the great freshet of 1889, but owing to the advance warnings by the Chesapeake and Onto Railroad, whose line par-allels the river, much damage was averted.

ICE SCHOONER LOST ON GULL SHOAL. Cape Henry, Va., March 7 .- The three-masted schooner Alfred Brabrook, Captain Garland, from othbay, Me., for Charleston, ice-laden, strand ed in a heavy gale and thick snowstorm at Gul Shoal Life Saving Station, North Carolina, twenty-five miles north of Hatteras. The crew of cight men were all saved by the life-saving crew from Gull Shoal Station by means of the breeches buoy and are now being cared for at that station.

Lewes, Del., March 7.—The schooner William B. Steelman, from Norfolk for New-York, with a cargo of pig fron, stranded in the Gapway at the wast end of the tee-breaker at the Delaware Break water this morning in a heavy storm. The crow was taken on by the Quarantine tug. The vessel

Philadelphia, March 7.—The Assateague life Philadelphia, March 1.—The Assaceage like savers report that the sloop Belle, from Cape May for Hog Island, in ballast, stranded three miles north of that station. They also report the sloop Mascotte stranded one and a half miles south of

SNOWFALL OF TWO DAYS IN CLEVELAND. Cleveland, Ohlo, March 7 .- One of the heaviest storms of the winter has prevailed in this vicinity for the last two days. It has snowed almost con-

HIGH WINDS AND SNOW IN GEORGIA. Atlanta, Ga., March 7.—The heavy rain of Satur-day and the cold wave of Sunday were followed by day and the cold wave of Sunaay were followed by high winds and snow in many parts of the State. At Monroe the railread station was unreafed, and quantities of goods blown away. The roofing on the buildings of the Monroe Oil Company was also torn off, damaging the machinery. A number of smaller dwalling bousse, were blown down. dwelling-houses were blown down.

dwelling-houses were blown down.

Rome and Quitman, Ga., were visited by heavy enows, and farmers report the complete destruction of the meion crop in that vicinity. A large number of live stock was killed near Opelika. Ala., and all fruit which was not killed by the sold wave three weeks ago was lost last night.

GREAT DISCOMFORT IN WEST VIRGINIA. Charleston, W. Va., March 7 - The night was one of much discomfort and suffering. The slow falling of the water, added to the lower temperature, made the situation a gloomy one. Many business men were compelled to use boats to seek provisions and fuel. Even the Governor was forced to use a boat to go from the Executive Mansion to his office in the State House. Much drunkenness and disorder prevailed. The loss to timbermen up the Elk River prevailed. The loss to timbermen up the Elk River will be heavy. That river traverses the heaviest logging district of the State. Immense ratis are torn loose and go rushing down into the Kanawha, bometimes doing great damage to coal docks, barges and "tipples." The Winlfrede coal docks are gone, with several barges, and an expensive "tipple, between Eastbank and Belmont, has been swept away.

EARLY CROPS KILLED IN SOUTH CAROLINA. Columbia, S. C., March 7.-Central, Western and Northern South Carolina experienced more blizzard weather yesterday and to-day, the day preceding being characterized by spring weather, with the being characterized by spring weather, with the thermometer at \$i\$ degrees. In some places the mercury went as low as 10 degrees below freezing. The cold has been accompanied by sovere northwest winds. Reports from various points bring news of brief but heavy snowfalls, and statements to the effect that the farmers believe this spring freeze has killed all chance for the fruit and vegetable crops.

ICE GORGE AT CALLICOON DEPOT Honesdale, Fenn., March 7.—The ice gorge in the Delaware River is doing great damage at Callicoon Depot. N. Y. All the ice from the headwaters is jammed into six miles space from Big Island, two miles below Callicoon, to four miles above. The bridge over the river, completed en January 1, is badly damaged and in danger of being carried away. The main street of the town is under water. The river is now falling and there are no prospects of the gorge breaking

BLOCKADE OF UNION PACIFIC RAISED. Cheyenne, Wye., March 7.—The blockade of the main line of the Union Pacific at Tie Siding, which has been holding fast for two days, was raised at noon to-day. The rotary plough, which was snowed in at that point, was released. With the exception of twelve miles between Tie Siding and Buford, the main line is now clear. There are four hundred westbound passengers at Tie Siding and three hundred castbound at Laramie. They are well supplied with provisions and fuel, and are suffering no discomforts beyond the delay. The officials expect to have the line cleared some time to-night.

THE STORM IN THIS STATE

Yesterday's snowstorm was severest in Northern New-York, where the fall attained a depth of nearly two feet. Reports show that it snowed hard all along the Hudson River Valley, in the northern central part of the State, in the Adiron-darks and in the Lake Champiain region.

THE MANHATTAN STORAGE and WAREHOUSE COMPANY.

"Indestructible" Fire and Burglar-p Warehouses 5 Lexington Ave. 41st and 420 St.

and Offices.

Superior advantages and unexcelled security for storage of Furniture. Merchandise and Valuables.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES 85 PER YEAR.

VAULTS FOR SHAVER TRUNKS.

Furniture, Ornaments, etc., carefully packed. Van Service by Skilled Workmen. Illustrated descriptive pumphlet sent on application.

RESOLUTION AGAINST THE FOUR TRACK

SCHEME. TROUBLE CAUSED BY PRESIDENT HOLAHAN'S DEMOCRATIC SCHEME TO PLAY POLITICS

SUGGESTION THAT THE RULES OF THE BOARD BE AMENDED-THE HEAR-ING IN ALBANY TO MORROW.

The Aldermen of the city yesterday took up the fight of the people against the four-track trolley Amsterdam ave., acting under the direc-Richard Croker. As soon as the meeting of the Board of Aldermen was begun, Alderman Roddy began the reading of a resolution expressing the sense of the Board as opposed to the placing four trolley tracks in the avenue. Alderman Gafftion in violation of the rules. His objection started

President Holahan of the Board of Public Im provements, who has a right to be heard in the Municipal Assembly, arose and was recognized by

I am not familiar with the rules of this Board," said Mr. Holahan, "but I would like to know if one vote in this body can prevent the passage of resolution that the rest of the Board wants. thought that everybody here was in favor of the If your rules allow this kind of thing I think the sooner you change them the better.

I think it's unfair." shouted Alderman Brophy of the Board of Public Improvements to come here and tell us to change our rules. I think it is ardly fair. It is the right of a man in all legis of order. He knows it, too, He's been in legisla-

I renew my motion to have the resolution considered," said Alderman Roddy.

"For the information of my friend from Brooken," said President Holahan, rising again, "I will say that in Congress and the Legislature the body an introduce new resolutions and change its order of husiness, if a majority desire to do so Your friend from Brooklyn," yelled Alderman

information from you."

President Helahan did not reply. The President of the Board of Aldermen had the whole resolution

read.
Alderman Stewart, of Brooklyn, opposed the resolution, saying: "We have been here making fools of ourselves in passing rules about the clevated reads for a week or so. The Court of Appeals has that after a local heard has given its con-a railroad to lay tracks it can do nothing and only the State Railway Commission can n was put to a vote, and was passed

will be back in the city in the evening at their homes. The tileke trip ate \$3 each, and are to be earned to the season to the control of \$2 extent to the control of \$2 e

AMSTERDAM-AVE, BILL REPORTED.

MR. FALLOWS GETS IT OUT OF THE ASSEM-BLY COMMITTEE. Albany, March 7 .- The Railroads Committee of

he Assembly late this afternoon by a unanimous vote decided to report favorably to-morrow the Amsterdam-ave, bill of Mr. Fallows, which is identical with the one introduced by Senator Ford in the Senate. The committee held a special meeting directly after the House had adjourned, so as o give Mr. Fallows a hearing.

He had been detuged with petitions favor of the passage of the bill. He reviewed the legal aspects of the cast, stating that Judge Scott's decision would not affect the bill now pend that any members of the committee or of the As-

who appeared to champion the bill, explained to the committee why he acquisseed in the change of ref-crence of the bill from his committee to the

crence of the bill from his committee to the Railroads Committee. As the original bill had been before the Railroads Committee, he thought it right and proper that the bill in its amended form should go to the same committee.

As regards the merits of the bill, Mr. Mozet said he could not express to the committee how much the situation in Amsterdam-ave, had been brought home to him and how much he had been impressed by personal appeals in favor of the measure. In fact, it had been a source of distress to him, and he only wished that the members of the committee could see the children on Sundays in Amsterdam-ave., trying to cross those four tracks without being run down by a car.

Although the Assembly committee has reported favorably on the Amsterdam-ave, relief bill, the delegation will go to Albany to-morrow as arranged. Louis A. Lehmaier said last night: Because the bill has been favorably reported that toes not necessarily mean its final passage. all not feel safe until the Governor's signature is attached to the measure. We must not and will not relinquish our efforts, and the largest possible delegation that can be formed will go to Albany to urge the passage of the bill without any delay. The action of the Assembly committee will have ro effect in the direction of changing the delega-tion's plans."

WHAT LAUTERBACH HAS TO BAY. Edward Lauterbach, who is counsel for the Third Avenue Railroad Company, was quoted yesterday as saying of the outlook for the Ford bill, forbidding his company to equip its tracks in Amsterdam-ave, with the underground trolley system:

"If each legislator will vote on the equity and merits of the case, the bill will still be defeated. ments of the case, the bill will still be defeated.

It would be stilly for me, however, to say that the influence of Mr. Platt or Mr. Croker goes for naught in Albany. But if those legislators are led away by the false notion, so industriously spread, that we seek to impose additional tracks on that avenue, I suppose the bill will pass."

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN CHICAGO.

ZINA R. CARTER NAMED FOR MAYOR BY CITY CONVENTION.

Chicago, March 7.-The Republican City vention to-day nominated Zina R. Carter for Mayor. Mr. Carter has served one term as president of the Board of Trade. He is a member of the Drain-age Canal Board. The other nominations were Thomas Cannon, for City Attorney, Emil Schaefer, for City Treasurer, and Charles E. Pierson, for City Clerk.

EPISCOPAL MINISTER MISSING.

. SEVERAL MONTHS AGO, BUT CAN-

Wichits, Kan., March 7.-The Rev. Mr. Von Herlich, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, who went to New-Tork several months ago to secure 116,000 to pay off the church debt here, has not been neard from. All efforts to find him have been utile, and it is thought he met with foul play, as it varried considerable money.

ODELL AND QUIGG IN ALBANY.

Albany, March 7 (Special).—Renjamin B. Odell, c., chairman of the Republican State Committee. EXES S5 PER YEAR.

SHAVER TRINKS.

Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, and the Legisland in Courty Committee of New-York, were both here to-day in conference with members of the Legisland in Courty Committee, and Lemuel E. Quigg, president of the Republican allumint. John L. Cadwander, 76, of New-York, 11,000. Dr. M. Allen Star, 76, of Chicago, 1500, Individual in Courty Courty

HERKIMER PROSECUTOR ORDERED TO FOLLOW UP A CANAL CASE.

WITH AN OFFICIAL ACCUSED OF FALSI-FYING PAYROLLS COMES TO GRIEF.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Albany, March 7 .- Governor Roosevelt to-day made public the following letter which he had just dispatched to Adam J. Smith, the Democratic District-Attorney of Herkimer County;

Cratic District-Attorney of Herkimer County:

Executive Chamber,
Albany, N. Y., March 7, 1899.

The Hon. Adam J. Smith, District-Attorney,
Herkimer County, N. Y.
Sir: A few days ago the Superintendent of
Public Works of the State of New-York found,
upon making an examination, that the public
service would be subserved by the removal of
one Snyder as a section superintendent of the
Eric Canal in Herkimer County, he having apparently been guilty of falsifying canal payrolls, and by such means stealing the public
money. The information received by him upon
which he based this determination is on file in
this office, and he has sent a copy to you for this office, and he has sent a copy to you for your examination.

I am credibly informed that affidavits substan-

tially the same as the copies which have been sent you have been for some time on file in sent you have been for some time on file in your office. I now call your attention sharply to the commission of this crime, the perpetrator of which should be speedlly punished, and I expect that you and all your officers and persons associated with you in the execution of the criminal law will do their whole duty thoroughly and without fear or favor to secure conviction.

Every assistance that the Executive Department of the State government can afford you to accomplish the ends aforesaid will be at your command. Yours very truly,

think the District-Attorney, possibly under in- | crime he said latter was to be reappointed by Superintendent Bridges, getting up with a leap, "doesn't need any | Partridge. If he had been reappointed, of course, the Democrats would have flashed forth tration.

When Superintendent Partridge was asked to-day to give the particulars of his action in dismissing Snyder, he replied:

"Charles A. Snyder, of Herkimer, was superintendent of repairs on Section 4 of the eastern division of the Eric Canal. My attention was called to the fact that he had carried a man one thousand men who go to Albany to-morrow penier at the rate of \$52 a month who was not penier at the rate of \$52 a month who was not a carpenter, but an ordinary day laborer, and received only \$25 a month. I sent for Mr. Snyder, and confronted him with the facts. He admitted the truth, and I dismissed him. Archer says he got only \$25 a month."

It is again Snyder offered to the large number of murders committed in New-York City says he got only \$35 a month." It is said Snyder offered to resign, but was not permitted to do so.

NOT FIT TO FRAME A BUILDING CODE.

NOTABLE DELEGATION."

Albany, March 7 .- At a hearing before the Senate Cities Committee to-day on the Ford bill which would do away with the existing Building Code Commission, appointed by the Municipal Assembly and Power bill was recommitted to the Cities Comof the city of New-York, and substitute a commission to be named by the Governor of the State, the following from New-York City appeared in its favor: Richard Watson Gilder, Charles Tener, I.
N. Phelps Stokes, E. M. Green, Homer Folks.
Lawrence Veiller, Frank Tucker and E. T. Devine. Delegates from sixteen building and trade

E. C. Brennan's East River Bridge bill, Which was made a special order for this morning on third reading, was laid aside on motion of the introducer. These bills were passed:

Mr. De Graw's providing for a division payment ention of the present Commission.

The first person heard in favor of the bill was T. Devine, of New-York. He did not believe the present Commission was properly constituted. and thought that the selection of Building Code missions was properly a State function

Mr. Folks, a member of the Municipal Assembly, Mr. Folks, a member of the Municipal Assembly, aid he did not believe it a proper body to select such an important Commission as that needed to trame a building code for a large city.

Amnes B Reynolds, of the University Settlement, and Lawrence Veiller, secretary of the Tenementidouse Commission of New-York City, spoke in layor of a higher class of professionalism in the composition of a Huiding Code Commission for the order of the Mr. Costello's, the Anti-Sweatshop bill, which are composition of a Huiding Code Commission for the large preferror.

Mr. Costello's, the Anti-Sweatshop bill, which are content of the manufacture of garments in tenementing the New-York Eboard of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal, Richard Keily, Joseph Fettershame and Apportionment to audit the expenses of Lewis M. Hornthal,

firstend of presenting oral arguments in oppo-tion to the Ford bill the delegation from New-

THE YIELD ON INVESTMENTS.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY GETS

The following letter was recently sent by the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, through its vice-president, James W. Alexus parts of the country:

My Dear Sir. We should be greatly obliged to you would be good enough to let us know what rate of interest you consider it safe for a life assurance company to count upon realizing, on its otal assets, invested in such securities and mortgages as an institution of this kind should hold, inving the next twenty years. The policy conracts and the premiums charged thereon involves calculation in advance of the interest rate which will certainly be obtained beyond peradvanture, and the opinion of experienced financiers is sought a order to reach a trustworthy conclusion.

A large majority of the many responses received to this letter give it as the opinion of their respective writers that 3 per cent would be the re-turn which might fairly be expected under the conillions set forth in the letter of Mr. Alexander. Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, gives as his judgment that the tendency of interest is permanently downward, and that "it would be hazardous to estimate a rate higher than 3 per cent as an average avallable return upon highgrade securities during the next twenty years." idding: "On the other hand, with our country affording still room for the intelligent application of capital to the development of such resources, it would seem to me that 3 per cent might be fairly estimated to be a realizable average rate." Conrad N. Jordan, Assistant Treasurer of the United States in this city, says "3 per cent per annum income is the best estimate I would advise in making future long investments." Some of the other writers, with the rates of interest believed by them respectively to be such as can be safely John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company, 3 per cent, possibly 3%; Henry W. Cannon, president of the Chase National Bank, 3 to 314 per cent; General Louis Fitzgerald, president of the Mercantile Trust Company, 3 per cent; Richard Delafield, vice-president of the National Park Bank, 3 per cent; James McMahon, president of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 3 per cent; Edward King, president of the Union Trust Company, 3 to 242 per cent; W. W. Sherman, president of the National Bank of Commerce, 3 per cent: Brayton Ives, president of the Metropolitan Trust Company, 3 per cent; Valentine P. Snyder, president of the Western National Bank, 3 to 35 president of the Western National Bank, 2 to 319 per cent; James T. Woodward, president of the Hanovar National Bank, 32 per cent (for the next ten years); J. Edward Simmons, president of the Fourth National Bank, 32 per cent; John Harsen Rhoades, president of the Greenwerh Savings Bank, 3 per cent; Thomas L. James, president of the Lincoln National Bank, 4 per cent; Andrew Mills, president of the Dry Dock Savings Institution, 32, per cent; Vermilya & Co., 3 per cent; Andrew Mills, president of the Dry Dock Savings Institution, 32, per cent; Vermilya & Co., 3 per cent; Andrew Mills, president of the Dry Dock Savings Institution, 32, per cent; Winslow, Lanier & Co., 3 per cent; Rountze Brothers, 33 per cent; August Belmont, 3 per cent; Balf & Co., 32 per cent; Henry Clews, 33, per cent; Bank, Co., 32, per cent; Henry Clews, 33, per cent; Bank, Chicago, 3 per cent; General John Gil, president of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, of Raltimore, 33, per cent; James H. Eckels, president of the Commercial National Bank, Chicago, 3 per cent; E. B. Morris, president of the Girard Life Insurance Annuity and Trust Company, of Philadelphia, 3 per cent; B. B. Comesys, president of the Philadelphia National Bank, 33, per cent. Thomas H. West, president of the St. Louis Trust Company, 19, to 4 per cent; A. Baldwin, president of the First National Bank, 9 per cent. Thomas H. West, president of the First National Bank of Roston, 314 per cent; Kidder, Peabody & Co., Roston, 314 per cent; and T. Jefferson Coolidge, 3 to 31, per cent. er cent; James T. Woodward, president of the

GIFT OF PRINCETON ALLMNI.

Princeton, N. J., March 7 (Special), -Announce mathematical department of Princeton University THE LEGISLATURE.

ASSEMBLY PROCEEDINGS. Albany, March 7 .- The inclement weather kept Speaker Nixon away from to-day's session of the

Assembly. The House got into a protracted debate over Mr. Maher's bill abolishing the death penalty, which was a special order on second reading. It fixes the penalty for murder in the first degree at im-prisonment for life, and for murder in the second degree at imprisonment for thirty years. In advocating it Mr. Maher cited a number of cases where innocent persons had been executed on circumstantial evidence.

A. Sloane, of Schuyler, offered an amendment that persons convicted of murder in the first degree he exported to the Island of Luzon, in the

Mr. Maher thought the humor of the gentleman from Schuyler was ill-timed, as his hill was of

mr. Redington, of New-York, opposed the bill The law which Mr. Maher sought to change, said he, had emanated from Holy Writ. While there was life there was hope, and the life prisoner lived on in the hope that some day, when his crime had been forgotten, a pardon might be secured. If this bill became a law this State would be the en for murderers.

Mr. Gale, of Queens, made a vehement argument against the bill, in which he referred to Mrs. Place, now under sentence of death in Sing Sing, of whom he said that the sooner she was executed the better it would be for the country at large. Mr. Maher retorted that if Mrs. Place was ex-

the State that next year would be the means of passing his bill. Mr. Gale, continuing, said that persons who com-

mitted murder did not fear life imprisonment, but they aid fear death and to meet their Maker, more time, in his opinion, should be allowed a murderer to appear before his Creator than he had Republican politicians of Herkimer County given his victim. Referring again to Mrs. Place's "This woman's offence was a most helnous one,

tion against Snyder until he could learn if the She first threw vitrioi in that poor girl's eyes, and then deliberately choked her to death. Not tent with this fiendiahness, she then lay in wait for Do you mean to tell her husband with an axe. me that that woman is entitled to sit and eat in a the information about Snyder, and pointed to prison for the rest of her days? Do you mean to the matter as an example of "reform adminis- tell me that God Almighty desires that this woman's, this murderess's, life should be spared. I think not, and I sincerely trust this bill will meet defeat on the floor of this chamber."

Mr. Phillips, of New-York, also opposed the bill. as cruel or brutal. He believed in an eye for an eve and a tooth for a tooth.

capital punishment. He referred to the large number of murders committed in New-York City during the last two months. Evidently the death penalty did not deter men from murder.

The bill was advanced to third reading by the close vote of 58 to 56. Mr. Farrell's bill, which would set apart five A TAMMANY COMMISSION ASSAILED BY A piers on the East River for the use of canal-boats nd barges plying on the Hudson north of Castleton or coming to tidewater from the canals of the State was defeated by a vote of 71 to 3i, lacking

the necessary majority of all the members. On motion of Mr. Mazet the Astoria Light, Heat mittee, it having been placed on second reading by

E. C. Brennan's East River Bridge bill, which

These bills were passed:

Mr. De Graw's, providing for a division payment of the assessment for the grading of Surf-ave., Coney Island, which assessment was \$200,000.

Mr. Stater's, to enable the New-York City Police heard to rehear the charges against Adolph E. Warserman for reinstatement in the Department. Mr. Henry's authorizing the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of New-York City to audit and allow the claim of J. Elliot Smith for expenses incurred by him in detending himself from charges. against aim, against aim, dier's authorizing the New-York Board of dier's authorizing the New-York Board of Apportionment to audit the expenses

the Anti-Sweatshop tell, which used the of garments in tenement-laces unless licensed by the State

occupant or lessee of places where occupant or lessee of places where as are held to allow a confestant to consider for longer time than fifteen hours any-four, considering the Adjutant-General to one of Veterans military arms and actions of Veterans military arms and actions of Veterans military arms and actions of the story was properly. An interesting part of the story was the scory was the second to the story was his account of how the officers quietly ate their park and only while between monthfuls the word was passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the story was his account of how the officers quietly ate their park and some part of the story was his account of how the officers quietly ate their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the entire part of the story was his account of how the officers quietly ate their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they had received.

John S. McKeon was the toastmaster, and after the difference of the story was his account of how the officers quietly ate their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were succumbing to the terrific raking they are their passed down below decks of how the Spanish vessels were successful to the

Mr. Mazet's, making the act of incorporation of Saviour's Home, in New-York, conform to the eneral law governing commitments to such insti-

tutions.

Mr. Ailds's, authorizing the State Engineer to continue to co-operate with the director of the United States Geological Survey in making a topographical survey and map of the State, and appropriating 2000s increfor.

Mr. Mazet's, to enable the Loomis Laboratory to convey and transfer its real and personal property.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS. In the Sanate this morning Senator Ford in-sisted upon his amendment to Senator Coggeshall's Pure Reer bill, offered at last night's session, which provided that no unwholesome, deleterious or poisonous substitute for hops should be used in the

manufacture of beer. The bill itself says that no substitute of any kind shall be used. Senator Ford moved to recommit the bill for amendment when the vote was taken his motion was defeated to 15. A vote was then ordered on the final sage of the bill, and it was passed-37 to 8those voting against it being Senators Armstrong, Donnelly, Douglas, Ford, Havens, Mackey, Ramps-

connelly, Douglas, Ford, Havens, Mackey, Rampserger and Wagner.

Senator Krim's bill to provide a special Deputy Scoise Commissioner for the borough of Queens are up, and Scinator Grady said the only purpose of the measure was to provide an office for some cool Republican. There was no necessity for this exputy, as at present the duties which it was proceed he should perform were performed by the Jounty Treasurer. The bill provided a sniarly of 2500, with expenses of \$1,500, and he insisted that here was no necessity for this expenditure. Senator Higgins said Senator Grady had suggisted an evil which had been growing under legislature to allow gross sums to public officers in Heu of expenses. This was wrong. If the public officer were to be allowed his expenses, it should half be upon a voucher for setual expenses. He noved to a mend this bill to provide that instead of the gross sum of \$1,500, "or so much thereof as may be excessary," be paid upon the presentation of a oncher.

Senator Krum said he was willing to accept the

or Krum said he was willing to accept the city of New-York was solidly arraigned at the rent of the State without reference to in Committee of the Whole on the considera-id Senator Brackett's bill to deprive the City of the power of lesuing attachments against solidents. When Senator Donnelly moved to unit the bill for a hearing his motion was lost,

non-residents. When Schalor Pointely moved to recommit the bill for a hearing his motion was lost. If to 14.

Schalor Brackett said this was a jurisdiction enjoyed by no other court, not excepting the Supreme Court of the State. It was unjust to persons living in other parts of the State who had consigned goods to New-York City.

Schalor Donnelly declared that the City Court of New-York was and always had been a court of special jurisdiction. The judges of this court desired a hearing before a committee, and common courtesy and decency demanded that it should be accorded to them. The matter had been fully considered in the Constitutional Convention, and that body had decided that this power of special jurisdiction was test. He moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill, and this motion was adopted by a vote of 22 to 10. Schalors Douglas, Boyce and Ramaphetrer voting with the solid New-York City delegation for the motion.

Senator Coggeshall's bill to excupt the Gerry Social form inspection by the State Board of Charittee had extended consideration in Committee of the Whole. It was contended by Senators Ellsworth Brown and Stranahan that the society was a charitable institution, and as such was subject to the supervision of the Board of Charittes under the Constitution.

Senators Coggeshall and Grady contended that it exercised functions similar to a police station or a house of retention. In reply to a question as to way the society sought to avoid the inspection of the Board Senator Grady said the Board had annoyed it subjected it to litigation and hampered it in the performance of its work.

Senator Alearn's bill increasing and regulating Passage.

Senator Alearn's bill increasing and regulating Senator and che bill was advanced to the order of final passage.

passage.
Sinator Ahearn's bill increasing and regulating the salaries of school teachers in New-York City was advanced to third reading without discussion or opposition.

BILL TO GOVERN CANAL CONTRACTS Albany, March 7 (Special) -Mr. Alids introduced important bill in the Assembly to-day, probably in relation to canal contracts, providing that a contract made in pursuance of an appropriation by the State for a specific object shall be for the completion of the work contemplated by the appropriation, and in the aggregate shall not exceed the amount of the appropriation. A contract for a part of the work is not to be binding upon the State until contracts are also made covering the

entire work contemplated by the appropriation, except where it is expressly provided by the appropriation that a part of the work may be done by days labor. Every such contract is to be accompanied by a bond to be filed in the office of the Controller.

ASTORIA BILL REPORTED. Albany, March 7 (Special).-The Assembly Com

Albany, March 7 (Special) .- Governor Roosevelt has shown his interest in labor questions in many ways. Each of the bills affecting the factory has had his sanction and he has watched their progress and the changes they have undergone with much solicitude. One of these was passed by the Assembly to-day, while five others were reported from the Committee on Labor and Industries.

The bill passed was introduced by Mr. Costello and it is against "sweat shops." It requires a license to be obtained for altering, repairing or finishing goods in tenement-houses or in buildings situated in the

HALF FARE FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN. Albany, March 7 .- Mr. Ball's bill, which provides for reduced fares on ratiroads for school children in cities of the first class, or, in other words, a roundhours of 8 and 5 o'clock in the morning, 12 and 1 and 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be re-ported favorably to-morrow by the Railroads Com-mittee of the Assembly. The principals and teach-ers of the schools are to have the distribution of

HOW DEWEY MET THE SPANISH.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER REES, OF THE OLYMPIA, TELLS OF THE NAVAL BAT-TLE OF MANILA, AS HE

WITNESSED IT. Lieutenant-Commander C. P. Rees, United States Navy, who was the executive officer of the flagship Olympia in the naval battle of Manila, entertained about 150 members of the Union League Club of Brooklyn at a dinner last night with an interesting account of the movements of the vic Admiral Dewey moved his ships in front of the city and demanded the right to use the cable by which to send home news of his victory.

The officer began his narrative with a written panegyric, in which he characterized the achieve ments of Admiral Dewey as a latter-day miracle beyond comprehension. He said, after the Spanish fleet had been annihilated, that with a handful of troops, had they been available, we could have possession of the Philippine Islands, forestalled the present trouble which with the Filipinos under Aguinaldo, and so estab lished the prestige of American arms that, to his meritorious one and he hoped it would pass. The time was ripe, he thought, to eliminate from the war.

cheered, he said: "During the conflict with the Spanish fleet he was the incarnation of battle, and then became a sphinx and the embodiment of

After speaking of the disastrous consequences which would have followed had the American flee been defeated, he gave the reasons for Admiral Dewey's bold entrance to the harbor, and the re suit, he said, was due to skill, determination, and the Lord God of Hosts in whom we trusted.

Lieutenant Rees then continued with an informal ount of the movements of the fleet on its way to Manila, and of the battle. He gave special praise to Flag Lieutenant Brumley, and to Lieutenant Calkins, navigating officer, who had mastered all the charts of the harbor until he knew every inch of the channel. He said that he never would forget the enthust-

asm which the English showed in bidding the fleet godspeed when it left Hong Kong. He also described the astonishment of the residents of that ity when they had awakened a few mornings before and discovered that the fleet had changed its | aging 400. They elected four out of five Alderman color from the peaceful white to the ominous gray, By way of a humorous parallel, which the diners did not fall to appreciate, Lieutenant Rees read he proclamation which the Governor-General of

how it all happened. The somewhat different language of the documents raised a roar of laugh-In narrative style, pithy and pointed, Lieutenant Rees narrated the story of the historic battle. asserted that in the engagement the decks of the Spanish ships were swept by such a storm of shell that the men never had time to point their guns properly. An interesting part of the story was

Luzon put forth, reviling the approaching fleet of

he "cowardly Americans," and the report of Ad-

miral Montojo, in which he endeavored to explain

John S. McKeon was the toastmaster, and after the diners had ceased to cheer for the lieutenant, for Admiral Dewey and for all his brave men, he introduced the following speakers in succession: Henry A. Fowell, Professor Clark, and Professor E. A. Grosvenor, of Amhers: College. Some of the guests were Captain George W. Sumner, Chief Engineer W. W. Windsor, Commander William C. Gibson, Medical Director George W. Woods, Captain W. R. Weich, Commander John A. Merrill, Civil Engineer P. C. Asserson and Medical Director T. C. Weston, all of the Navy Yard, and General O. O. Howard.

During the dinner Mrs. Rees, the wife of the Lieutenant-Commander, was being entertained in a private dining-room at a little dinner given by Mrs. William E. Pulsifer and a number of other women, wives of Union League Club members. When the speechmaking began the women entered the dining-room and listened to the addresses.

COMMENT ON CURRENT TOPICS.

CECIL RHODES'S PREDICTION.

From The Chicago Times-Herald. Although we may be taking to colonization "like mother's milk" and although our Government is certainly capable of the exercise of every sovereign Power, we have done nothing to justify the Rhodes prediction. This, it will be noticed, is curiously like the freuzied prophecies of our anxious antiexpansionists, and comes just about as near the opinion and aspirations of the people.

ITALY'S DEMAND ON CHINA. From The Rochester Post-Express.

If a war was ever justified, the attempts of European Powers to dismember the Chinese Empire justify the bloodlest resistance. Aggressloshould never be tolerated. Nothing, therefore could give us greater satisfaction than to see the Dowager Empress refuse the demand of Italy and to back up her refusal with an appeal to arms.

WHAT THE BEEF INQUIRY HAS SHOWN. From The Baltimore Sun.

From The Baltimore Sun.

Without prejudicing the case, therefore, it may be stated in all fairness that the canned roast beef was not such a ration as should have been served to men in a semi-tropical climate, and that General Miles's statements in regard to this branch of the inquiry appear to be corroborated by the testimony of competent witnesses. As to the "embalmed" refrigerated beef, little evidence has been taken thus far, and it has not been proved that chemicals were used. It has been proved beyond the shadow of a doubt, however, that the refrigerated beef putrefled a few hours after it was taken from the refrigerating vessel, and that it did not come up to the contract requirements, which stipulated that it should keep for seventy-two hours.

From The Philadelphia Ledger.

Numerically, the witnesses who have corroborated General Miles's charges thus far greatly exceed those who tasted no bad beef; but a myriad of witnesses testifying that they did not see an occurrence will not outwelgh a score who did see it, so little weight does the law attach to negative as against positive testimony.

THE RESULT OF RECENCE.

TION From The Milwaukee Sentinel.

All things considered—barring the one unknown things the attitude of these foreign Powers whose consent must be gained—there is a good prospect of action, and intelligent action, upon the canal project by the next Congress

RESCUED FROM A WRECK

Baltimore, March 7.-The British steamer Cape Corrientes, Captain Metcalf, which arrived here to-day from Shields, brought the information of a brave rescue made at sea. On January 28, in about latitude 49" and longitude 32", the steamer sighted a vessel in distress, which proved to be the Russian bark Barunga, Captain Sundman, which had sailed from Ship Island, Georgia, on December &

with a cargo of lumber for Dieppe.

When Captain Metca f sighted the vessel she was waterlogged and partly dismasted. At 3 p. m.

He first brought back Mrs. Sundman and three children. The little ones were a boy, three and a half years old; a two-year-old girl, and a fourhalf years old; a two-year-old siri, and a formonths-old baby. It was 3 o'clock at night whe
the last of the Barunga's crew were on board to
the last of the Barunga's crew were on board to
Cape Corrientes. The machinery of the steam
was out of order when the rescue was made, an
was out of order when the rescue was made, an
was out of order when the rescue was made, an
arrived February 10. Capitain Sundman and to
seventeen others rescued from the Barunga was
landed at that port.

The Barunga was formerly the iron bark Apella
built in London in 1822 by J. & W. Dudgreen. So
registered 1,000 tons gross, and was owned by X
A. Sundman, of Mariehamn, Russia.

TOWN ELECTIONS UP THE STATE

AND CITIES.

N. Y., March 7 .- At the city election today Abner S. White, Democrat, was elected Mayor by 160 majority over Dr. W. L. Kingsley, Republic There was an issue on street improvement Mayor W. J. P. Kingsley, the father of the Republican condidate, having vetord a bill providing for the paving of streets. The Common Council will stand twelve Democrats to five Republicans, Last spring the Council stood eleven Democrats

Ithaca, N. Y., March 7.—The Democrats carried the city of Ithaca to-day by a majority of 22, electing William C. Elmendorf Mayor over Roy H. Smith, the Republican candidate. Elmendorf was the labor-union candidate. Three Democratic Aldermen were elected to one Republican. Whitehall, N. Y., March 7 .- Town elections were

Ithaca, N. Y., March 7.-The Democrats carried

light vote was polled, owing to the severity of the ofteen of the seventeen towns of the county, Plattsburg, N. Y., March 7 .- Clinton County elects twelve Republican and two Democratic

plurality of 923. Saratoga, N. Y., March 7 (Special) .- To-day: snowstorm greatly affected the town meetings held throughout Saratoga County. Returns at hand late to-night indicate that the Democrats made slight gains. The old Board of Supervisors stood politically a tie. The new Board will be eleved to nine in favor of the Democrats. Full and as curate returns cannot be secured before to-morns owing to the storm.

Wayne County to-day the Democrats carried, Arcadia and Rose, the Republicans carrying Butler, Galen, Lyons, Macedon, Marion,

sessors and Town Constables by pluralities avermaking the Common Council eight Republican

A GOOD-SIZED VOTE CAST IN SPITE OF THE

A miniature blizzard, with a foot of snow and a gale of wind, prevailed all day, and a small was was expected. On the contrary, a large vote was polled, to the surprise of both parties. For the first time in the history of the village a Prohibition first time in the history of the village a Prohibition ticket was in the field, but it only averaged wenty votes in the entire municipality. The vote was as follows: President, John I. Storm (Rep.), 21; William R. Thorne (Dem.), 516; Treasurer, Edward B. Osborn (Rep.), 518; Edward C. Wilson (Dem.), 58; Assessor, Seth Fletcher Allen (Rep.), 101; M. Heady (Dem.), 715; Trustee First District, Seth Taber (Rep.), 445; Walter D. Cole (Dem.), 21; Trustee, Second District, Isaar H. Smith (Rep.), 52; Charles Walker (Dem.), 131; Water Commissioners—Wilbur L. Ellis (Rep.), 36; Dr. Alexander D. Dunber (Rep.), 308; Hanford Smith (Dem.), 22; Charles Mason (Dem.), 739

This leaves the Democrats still in control of the Board of Trustees by two majority and the Board of Water Commissioners by one majority.

lend in this c.rection.

John De Witt Warner was one of the principal

THE HUNDRED YEAR CLUB. About fifty members of the Hundred Year Club met last night in Parlor 196 of the Waldorf Ab-toria to make arrangements for the first general meeting of the club. This will take place of March 23. Chairman Walter S. Logan of the Board of Directors presided. He explained that there seemed to be a misapprehension in the publi mind as to the objects of the club; that it was study longevity from the scientific and other por of view; not to keep life in wrecks, but to F

St. John's, N. F., March 7.—The sealing steamer Hope, Captain Bartlett, left Port aux Basques di morning, bound into the Gulf of St. Lawrence, # endeavor to relieve the Canada liner Gaspesa which was last reported to be caught in an since off Amherst Point. Magdalen Islands, thought, Judging from recent conditions of and weather, that the attempt will be successful.

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NEARLY A SCORE OF PERSONS SAVED PROM THE RUSSIAN BARK BARUNGA.

a life-saving crew from the steamer, in charge of Chief Officer Charles Johnson, started to rescue the Barunga's crew.

DEMOCRATIC GAINS IN SEVERAL COUNTIES

held throughout Washington County to-day. A

Supervisors. Last year's Board stood: Republicans, 10: Democrats, 4. John Haughran, Repub-

Hean, was elected Supervisor of Plattsburg by

Lyons, N. Y., March 7 .- At the town elections in

Savannah, Walworth and Williamson, The towns of Haron, Ontario, Sodus and Wolcott are yet in licans and five Democrats, will probably stand the Corning, N. Y., March 7 -- At the municipal election here to-day the Republicans elected two As-

and two Democrats. Niagara Falls, N. Y., March 7.-In the municipal election held here to-day a light vote was polled The Democrats elected Thomas Smith, Assessor William Walker, Overseer of the Poor, and three out of four Aldermen. The Council stands for Democrats and three Republicans, with a Repub-

REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN PEEKSKILL

STORM. The Republicans were victorious in the charter lection in Peekskill yesterday, electing their entire ticket for the first time in three years. The victory places them in a position where, by the election of a single Trustee and Water Commissioner next spring, they can again take rein over village at fairs, lost by their defeat last March. The circumstances caused a tremendous fight

THE ARCHITECTURAL LEAGUE.

The usual monthly meeting of the Architectural League was held last night at No. 215 West Fifty seventh-st. Frederick S. Lamb presided, while many members of the National Sculpture Society responded to an invitation which had been extended to them to be present. The subjects discussed were along the line of the aim of the league to improve the appearance of the city, especial attention being to the important aid which sculpture could

speakers, and he urged that the art of sculpture in this city should be so developed as to be a means of education as well as of embellishment. He referred to the paucity of statues in New-York of people who had been prominently identified with its history.

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IN MARLE

OCA DU PERO

mittee on Cities to-day decided to report favorably the Astoria Light, Heat and Power Company's bill. ACTION ON LABOR MEASURES.

situated in the rear of tenement-houses.